













Analysis of Truss Structures

Definition of a Truss

- A truss is a structure composed of slender members joined together at their end points.
- Planar trusses lie in a single plane.
- Typically, the joint connections are formed by bolting or welding the end members together to a common plate, called a *gusset plate*.



















Analysis of Truss Structures Assumptions for Truss Design To design both the members and connections of a truss, the *force* in each member for a given loading must be determined. Two important assumptions are made in truss analysis: Truss members are connected by smooth pins All loading is applied at the joints of the truss



- All loading is applied at the joints of the truss.
 - Since the weight of each members is small compared to the member force, the member weight is often neglected.
 - However, when the member weight is considered, it is applied at the end of each member.
 - Because of these two assumptions, each truss member is a two-force member with either a compressive (C) or a tensile (T) axial force.
 - In general, compression members are bigger to help with instability due to buckling.

Classification of Coplanar Trusses

- Simple Truss
 - The simplest framework that is rigid or stable is a triangle.
 - Therefore, a simple truss is constructed starting with a basic triangular element and connecting two members to form additional elements.
 - As each additional element of two members is placed on a truss, the number of joints is increased by one.





Classification of Coplanar Trusses

- Compound Truss
 - This truss is formed by connecting two or more simple trusses together.
 - This type of truss is often used for large spans.



























Stability of Coplanar Trusses

- Internal stability may be determined by inspection of the arrangement of the truss members.
 - A *simple* truss will always be internally stable
 - The stability of a *compound* truss is determined by examining how the simple trusses are connected
 - The stability of a *complex* truss can often be difficult to determine by inspection.
 - In general, the stability of any truss may be checked by performing a complete analysis of the structure. If a unique solution can be found for the set of equilibrium equations, then the truss is stable







